SHULYAK, B.A.

Dependence of the flux of particles and the transportation velocity of periodic structures of wave and translational fluxes on the characteristics of particles and liquids. (MIRA 17:2) Ukeanologiia 2 no.6:1035-1039

1. Institut okeanologii AN SSSR.

SHULYAK, B.A. (Moskva)

Wave group velocity on the surface of a loose-particle medium.

Okeanologiia 4 no.6:1030-1034 164. (MIRA 18:2)

SHULYAK,	B.	Α.,	
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"Waves physics on the surface of grained medium"

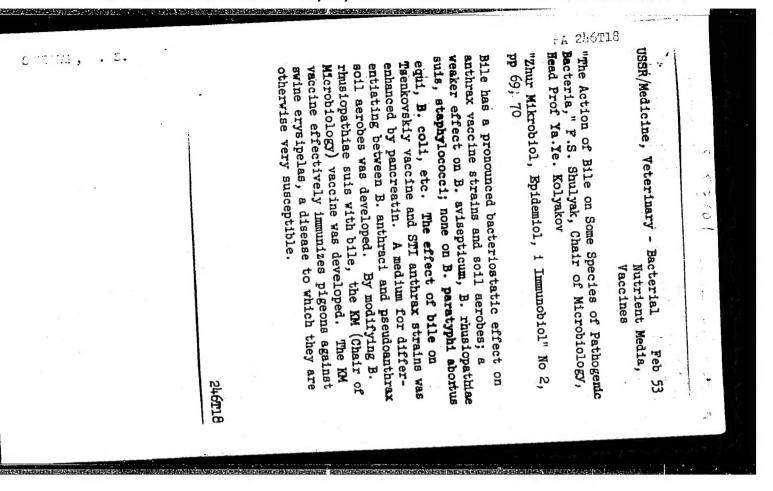
Report to be submitted for the 13th General Assembly, Intl. Union of Geodesy and Geophysics (IUGG), Berkeley Calif., 19-31 Aug 63

- 1. SHULYAK, B.M.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. First and in Illness and Injury
- 7. Methods of evaluating the work of physicians rendering first aid in emergencies, Sov.zdrav. 12 no. 3, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL 1953, Uncl

SHULYAK, B.V. (Leningrad)

Rotation of physicians in emergency medical care. Zdrav. Ros. Feder. 4 no.5:40-41 My '60. (MIRA 13:11)



SHULYAK, F.S.; SHIN, Yu.G.

Differential staining of Brucella with phenol fuchsin. Lab.delo 3
no.4:54-55 Jl-Ag '57.

1. Iz kafedry epizootologii i mikrobiologii (zav. - dotsent I.I.
Ivankov[deceased]) Saratovskogo zootekhnicheskogo veterinarnogo
instituta.

(BRUCELLA)

(STAINS AND STAINING (MICROSCOPY))

(FUCHSIN)

SHULYAK, G. I.

PA 67T71

USER/Medicine - Morphology Medicine - Biology May 1948

"Significance of the Mesodermus in the Differentiation of the Sucker in Anura," N. P. Bordzilovskaya, G. I. Shulyak, 3 pp

"Dok Ak Nauk SSSR, Nov Ser" Vol LX, No 6

Experiments show that mesenchyma has very significant inhibiting effect on the development of the sucker. Studies conducted to show that if the sucker is in fact an outgrowth of the mesoderm, why it occurs only in the region of the mouth. Submitted by Academician I. I. Shmal'gauzen 16 Mar 1948.

67171

Name: SHULYAK, Grigoriy Mikhaylovich

Dissertation: Anatomical basis of subcutaneous

anaesthetization upon the lower

extremities

Degree: Doc Med Sci

Affiliation: Leningrad State Pediatric Med Inst

Defense Date, Place: 26 Jul 56, Council of Naval Med Acad

Certification Date: 15 Jun 57

Source: BMV0 17/57

MOVCHAN, V.A.; SHULYAK, G.S. [Shuliak, H.S.]

Sex glands in carp-crucian carp hybrids. Dop.AN URSR no.5:683-687 (MIRA 13:7)

1. Institut gidrobiologii AN USSR. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN USSR (for Movchan).
(GENERATIVE ORGANS)

SHULYAK, G.S.

Effect of temperature on the development of abnormalities in the carp intestine. Gidrobiol. zbur. 1 no.4:39-47 165: (MIRA 18:16)

1. Institut gidrobiologii AN UkrSSR, Fiyev.

SHULYAK, G.S. [Shuliak, H.S.]

Cases of a typical structure of the intestines in carp [with surrary in English]. Dop.AN URSR no.3:384-386 161. (MIRA 14:3)

13

Characteristics of the development of atypical intestines in the carp. Dop. AN URSR no.1:124-127 '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Institut gidrobiologii AN USSR. Predstavleno akademikom AN USSR V.G.Kas'yanenko [Kas'ianenko, V.H.]

(Carp) (Intestines)

SHULYAK, I.P.

Case of invagination of the small intestine into an aplastic vitelline duct. Khirurgila 35 no.12:96 D '59. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Iz Temryukskoy rayonnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach I.P. Shulyak) Krasnodarskogo kraya.
(INTESTINES--INTUSSUSCEPTION)

SHULYAK, I.P.

Use of preserved tubular bone homotransplants for lengthening extremities; experimental studies. Ortrop.travm.i protez. 21 no.4:44-48 Ap 160. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Iz Temryukskoy raybol'nitsy Krasnodarskogo kraya (glavnyy vrach - I.P. Shulyak).

(BONE GRAFTING)

SHULYAK, I. P.

Arthrodeses of the foot joints. Ortop., travm. i protez. no.11: 79-85 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Iz Leningradskogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta protezi-rovaniya (dir. - dotsent M. V. Strukov)

(FOOT_SURGERY) (ARTHRODESIS)

SHULYAK, I.P.

Biomechanical preconditions for reduction of fractures of the lower third of the femure by the method of continuous traction. Ortop. travm. protez. 24 no.7:86-87 J1'63 (MIRA 17:2)

1. Adres avtora: Leningrad, prosp. K. Marksa, d. 9, Institut protezirovaniya.

MEHLYAK, I.F., kand. med. nauk

Some problems in restoration of the weight-bearing capacity of a panelyzed extremity. Ortop., travm. i protez. 24 no.10:17-23 (MIRA 17:5)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta protezirovaniya (dir. - dotsent M.V.Strukov, nauchnyy rukovoditel' prof. S.F.Godunov).
Adres avtora: Leningrad, prospekt Karla Marks, d.9, Institut protezirovaniya.

SHULYAK, I.P., kand. med. nauk

Height of the heel of normal shoes and the distribution of weight on the foot. Ortop., travm. i protez. 25 no.2:25-28 F 64. (MIRA 18:1)

1. Iz Leningradskogo institut protazirovaniya (direktor - dotsent M.V. Strukov) Adres avtora: Leningrad, prospekt Karla Marksa, d. 9., Institut protezirovaniya.

GODUNOV, S.F., prof.; SHULYAK, I.P., kand. med. nauk

为我们就是这种,我们也是我们的,我们就是我们的人,你们就是我们的人。""你们就是我们的人,你就会会会会会会会会会会,这个人,你们会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会 第一个

Orthopedic footwear and inlay soles; data of foreign literature. Ortop., traym. i protez. 25 no.2274-83 F 164. (MIRA 18:1)

1. Adres avtorow: Leningrad, prospekt Karla Marksa, d.9. Institut protezirovaniya.

AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

SHULYAK, I.P., kand. med. nauk

Clinical significance of the measurement of forces blocking the knee joint during walking. Ortop., travm. i protez. 25 nc.6:63

[MIRA 18:3]

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta protezirovaniya (dir. - dotsent M.V. Strukov). Adres avtora: Leningrad K-9, prospekt Karla Marksa, d.9, Institut protezirovaniya.

SHULYAK, I.P., kand. med. nauk

Designs of hip prostheses. Ortop., travm. i protez. 26 no.7:74-80 J1 165. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta protezirovaniya (direktor - dotsent M.V. Strukov). Adres avtora: Leningrad, prosp. Karla Marksa, d. 9, Institut protezirovaniya.

SHULYAK, I.P., kand.med.nauk

1. Leningradskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut protezirovaniya.

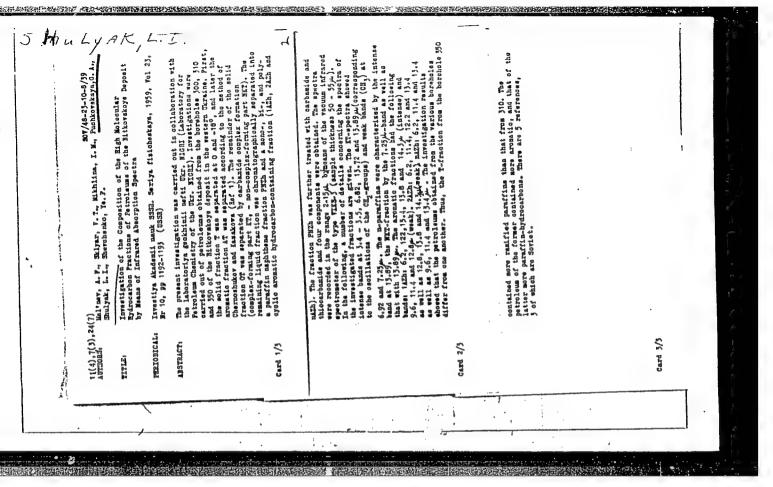
SHULYAK, I.P., kand.med.nauk

Examination methods in prosthetics. Ortop., travm. i protez. 25 no.12:14-18 D *64. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta protezirovaniya (direktor - dotsent M.V.Strukov). Adres avtora: Leningrad, prospekt Karla Marksa, d.9, Institut protezirovaniya. Submitted November 23, 1963.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550210009-8



SHULYAK, L.I.; SEREDA, I.P.; ROMAZANOVICH, O.P.

Spectrophotometric determination of bis (p-chlorophenoxy) methane and bis (o-chlorophenoxy) methane present together. Ukr. khim. zhur. 29 no.10:1092-1095 163. (MIRA 17:1)

S

USSR / Human and Ahimal Morphology (Normal and

Pathological). Cardio-Vascular

System! Vessels.

: Ref. Zhur - Biologiya, No. 3, 1959, 12316 Abs Jour

Author : Shulyak, L.P. Inst

: New Porta-Caval Anastomoses in Treatment of Title

Portal Hypertension.

: Zdravookhraneniye (Kishinev), 1958, No. 3, 34-36 Orig Pub

: In 15 patients with hypertension, adhesion of Abstract

the greater omentum to the spongy substance of the ilium was performed. In experiments on dogs, outflow of the contrast mass into the spongy substance of the bone was shown roetgenographically; the same was discovered in infusion of omentum

vessels of one patient who died 25 days after

Card 1/2

SHULYAK, L.P.

Varicose veins in portal hypertension. Zdravookhranenie 3 no. 5:33-35 S-0 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

l. Iz kafedry gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - prof. P.V. Ryzhov) Kishinevskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (PORTAL HYPERTENSION) (STOMACH—BLOOD SUPPLY)

SHULYAK, L.P.; SHOYMER, A., red.; BELOUSOVA, L., tekhn. red.

[New portocaval anastomoses in the treatment of disorders of portal hemodynemics] Novye porto-kaval'nye anastomozy pri lechenii rasstroistva portal'noi gemodinamiki; portal'naia gipertoniia. Kishinev, Gos.izd-vo "Kartia moldoveniaske," (MIRA 15:6) (PORTOCAVAL ANASTOMOSIS) (PORTAL HYPERTENSION)

SHULYAK, L. P., APTEKAREVA, A. M., GORBUSHINA, Z. Ye., and ANESTIADI, N. Kh.

"On the Work of the 27th All-Union Congress of Surgeons"

report submitted at the Society of Surgeons of the Moldavian SSSR, 1960

So: Zdravookhraneniye, Kishinev, No. 2, March-April 1961, pages 61-64

SHULYAK, L.P.

Splenomenometry in portal hypertension. Trudy Kish.gos.med.inst. (MIRA 16:2)

l. Kafedra gospital noy khirurgii Kishinevskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(PORTAL HYPERTENSION)

SHULYAK, P., aspirant

Finance of Soviet trade. Sov. torg. 34 no.10:36-37 0 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Institut narodnogo khozyaystva im. G.V.Plekhanova. (Russia—Commerce)

SHULYAK, P.

Let's make efficient use of working capital. Sov. torg. 34
(MIRA 14:9)
no.9:25-27 S '61.
(Turnover (Business))

SHULYAM, P. N.

Dissertation defended for the degree of Candidate of Economic Sciences at the Institute of Economics

"Working Capital of the State Retail Trade."

Vestnik "kad. Nauk, No. 4, 1963, pp 119-145

WYDEN'S, Temes as not needs; Contushery, V.A., kand. vehirs nearly identified the first of the content of the c

NOVIKOV, V.M.; FORTUSHNYY, V.A.; SHULYAK, V.D.

Method of determining vitamin B₁₂ using Escherichia coli.
Mikrobiologiia 32 no.2:319-322 Mr-Ap '63. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut eksperimental'nov veterinarii, Khar'kov.

NOVIKOV, V.M., kand. veter. nauk; FORTUSHNYY, V.A., kand. veter. nauk; SHULYAK, V.D., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Treatment of piglets infected with paratyphoid fever.
Veterinariia 39 no.11:42-44 N '62. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut eksperimental'noy veterinarii.

FORTECHEV., 7. V.; NOV. MOV. V.M., Louis one dias there the Mark. A.D., misdshiy applicate sor mainth

Stony and propagate the advanced practicus of livertack farmers and veterinary specialists in the Electron. Veterinaria 39 no.7:24-29 (MIRA 18:1)

t. When a kely nauchac-insladove teliskiy institut eksperimentaliney w topinarii.

SHULYAK, V.S.; STEPANOV, V.V.

Overall mechanization and automation of the section for casting in shell molds. Lit. proizv. no.12:23-24 D 164. (MIRA 18:3)

SHULYAK, Z.N.; KRASUKHINA, M.M.; STASHENKO, Yu.M.

Characteristics of the geometric parameters of the surface of various samples of silicon dioxide. Kauch. i rez. 22 no.10: (MIRA 16:11) 33-34 0 '63.

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut shinnoy promyshlennosti.

GRIDUNOV, I.T.; SHULYAK, Z.N.; KUTLINA, L.A.; MALYUTINA, M.F.

Use of domestic white carbon blacks in transparent rubbers. Izv.vys. ucheb.zav.;khim.i khim.tekh. 6 no.4:652-658 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii im. Lomonosova. Kafedra pererabotki polimerov i tekhnologii reziny.

EWT(m)/EWP(w) EM S/0286/65/000/005/0096/0096 I. 36279-65 AP5008227 ACCESSION NR: AUTHORS: Afonin, A. P.; Klimkov, A. K.; Shulyaka, A. A. R Class 47, No. 168965 TITLE: Method for dynamic damping of vibrations. SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 5, 1965, 96 TOPIC TAGS: vibration damping, vibration, oscillation amplitude ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate describes a method for dynamic damping of vibrations by means of a discrete action on the vibrating system, excluding the possibility of simultaneous action of the elastic and excitation forces. This is done to limit the vibration amplitude of the mechanical or electrical systems. ASSOCIATION: none AS SUB CODE: ENCL: 00 SUBMITTED: 20Sep63 OTHER: 000 NO REF SOV! COO Card

EWT(m)/EWP(w) EM 36278-65 \$/0286/65/000/005/0097/0097 ACCESSION NR: AP5008228 AUTHORS: Afonin, A. P.; Klimkov, A. K.; Shulyaka, A. A. TITLE: Instrument for dynamically damping element vibration. Class 47, No. 168966 SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 5, 1965, 97 TOPIC TAGS: vibration, vibration damping, oscillation amplitude ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents an instrument for dynamically damping oscillations in an element. It contains a cylinder with a piston filled with the working medium. To limit the vibration amplitude the cylinder is equipped with a special valve. ASSOCIATION: none ĀS SUB CODE: ENCL: 00 SUBMITTED: 20Sep63 OTHER: 000 NO REF SOV: 000 me Card 1/1

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48 <u>592-65</u> EMT(m)	/EMP(w) EM			
ACCESSION NR: AP5008227		S/0286/65/000/00	5/0096/0096 J	
AUTHORS Afonin. A. P.	Klimkov, A. K.; Shulyake	1. A. A.	В	
TITLE: Hethod for dynar	nic damping of vibrations	Class 67, No. 1689	65	
SOURCE: Byulloten' iso	preteniy i tovornykh snak	ov, no. 5, 1965, 96		
Topic TAGS: vibration	damping, vibration, oscil	lation amplitude		
ABSTRACT: This Author	Certificate describes a magnificate action on the secus action of the clast bration amplitude of the	ethod for dynamic du vibrating system, ex	COS. AND	
ASSOCIATION: DODG				
SUBMITTED: 205ep63	ENCL: 00	SUB C	ode (AS	
NO REF SOT: OCO	OTHER: 000			
Cord 1/1				

YANITSKIY, I.V. [Janickis, J.]; SHULYAKAS, A.K. [Suliakas, A.]; STULPINAS, B.B. [Stulpinas, B.]

On the dependance of the characteristics of manganese coatings upon some conditions of electrolysis. Liet ak darbai B no.2:93-98 (EEAI 10:1)

1. Kaunasskiy politekhnicheskiy institut
(Manganese) (Electrolysis) (Coatings)

S/137/62/000/009/026/033 A006/A101

AUTHORS: Yanitskiy, I. V., Stul'pinas, B. B., Girchene, B. Yu., Shulyakas,

A. K.

TITLE: Some problems of electrolytical manganese deposition

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 9, 1962, 124, abstract 91807-

(In collection: "Vopr. usoversh. gal'vanopokrytiy", Vil'nyus, 1961,

40 - 47

TEXT: The addition of small amounts of selenious acid (I) or selenite to a sulfate electrolyte for Mn deposition, makes it possible to increase current efficiency of Mn up to 90 - 94%, i.e. almost twice as compared with average data. Addition of I also increases considerably the current efficiency in the deposition of Mn alloys with Ni, Co and Fe. The same admixture I improves the throwing power and penetration of the bath, and the anticorrosion resistance of the coatings produced. Addition of I reduces the effect of numerous harmful impurities of the electrolyte and makes it possible to increase considerably the permissible content of these admixtures in the electrolyte. To reduce the Se content in galvanic coatings, I may be partially replaced by sulfite. Properties

Card 1/2

Some problems of electrolytical manganese deposition

S/137/62/000/009/026/033 A006/A101

of graphite, Pb and Pb-alloy anodes are studied. For manganese-plating baths Pb alloy anodes with Ag at $D_c \leq 3~\text{amp/dm}^2$ are most suitable. The positive effect of admixture I is explained by increased overvoltage of H and suppression of microgalvanic elements which cause corrosion of the cathodic deposit.

Authors' summary

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

S/137/62/000/003/052/191 A006/A19).

Yanitskiy, I. V., Shulyakas, A. K., Stul'pinas, B. B. AUTHORS:

On the effect of the admixture of selenious acid on electro-TITLE:

deposition of manganese

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 3, 1962, 26 - 27, abstract 30176 (Tr. AN LitSSR", 1961, B 2 (25) 107 - 118, Lithuanian summary)

An increase of Mn current efficiency when adding selenious acid (I) is already noticeable at its concentration as high as 5 mg/l; it is first most pronounced at low D, and with a higher H2SeO3 content in the electrolyte, extends to the range of higher D. Addition of I strongly reduces the harmful effect of the electrolyte contamination with As, Co, Ni, Fe and Zn ions and makes it possible to increase considerably the permissible content of these admixtures in the electrolyte. Addition of I increases considerably cathode polarization during electrodeposition of Mn in the presence of the aforementioned admixtures. Addition of I shifts the potential of H_2 deposition on the Mn-cathode to the negative side. The authors propose an explanation for the effect of I admixtures, accord-

Card 1/2

On the effect of the...

S/137/62/000/003/052/191 A006/A101

ing to which a higher current efficiency is the result of binding harmful admixtures into selenides.

Ye. Layner

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

GRIDNEV, Nikolay; SHULYAKOV, Ivan; MOSKOVSKIY, Eduard

These are our potentialities. Grazhd.av. 18 no.4:21 '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Chlen byuro Vsesoyuznogo Leninskogo kommunisticheskogo soyuza molodezhi, komandir korablya Il-12 (for Gridnev). 2. Chlen byuro Vsesoyuznogo Leninskogo kommunisticheskogo soyuza molodezhi, vtoroy pilot Il-12 (for Shulyakov). 3. Sekretar' byuro Vsesoyuznogo Leninskogo kommunisticheskogo soyuza molodezhi, komandir korablya Il-14 (for Moskovskiy).

(Aeronautics, Commercial) (Communist Youth League)

SHULYAKOVSKAYA, M.D. (Vorkuta)

Treatment for forstbite. Kaz.med.zhur. no.5:114-115 S-0 '60.

(MIRA 13:11)

(FORSTBITE)

SHULYAKOVSKAYA, M.D. (Vorkuta, Komi ASSR, ul. Lenina, d.25, kv.3)

Use of bovine peritoneum in the treatment of burns. Ortop., travm. i protez. 24 no.11:21-23 N '63. (MIRA 17:10)

l. Iz travmatologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - Ye.T. Bartosh)
TSentral'noy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - G.V. Nikolayeva) kombinata
"Vorkutugol'", Komi ASSR.

FEFER, I.Iu.; SHULYAKOVSKAYA, N.G.; GROSHIN, I.I.

Problem of malignant degeneration of cicatrices and ulcers of gunshot origin. Ortop., travm. i protez. 21 no.11:30-35 '60. (MIRA 14:4)

(CANCER)

(CICATRIX)

(ULCERS)

BERGLEZOV, M.A. (Moskva B-14, Rusakovskaya ul., d.18/20, kv.23);SHULYAKOVSKAYA N.G., kand. med. nauk

Unusual case of multiple fibrous dysplasia combined with chondromatosis. Ortop. travm. protez. 24 n. 7:53-55 J1:63 (MIRA 17:2)

1. Iz kliniki detskoy ortopeddi (zav. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. V.D. Chaklin) na baze Moskovskogo ortopediches-kogo gospitalya (nachalinik doktor med. nauk S.N. Voskresenskiy) TSentralinogo instituta travmatologii i ortopeddi (dir. - prof. M.V.Volkov).

VOSKRESENSKAYA, N. T.; KORONOVSKIY, N. V.; TITKOVA, N. F.; SHULYAK OVSKAYA, N. S.

Alkali elements and thallium in effusive rocks of the Northern Caucasus and their petrogenetic significance. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 4: Geol. 15 no.4:21-28 Jl-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Kafedra geokhimii Moskovskogo universiteta. (Caucasus, Northern-Rocks, Igneous)

VOSKRESENSKAYA, N.T.; TITKOVA, N.F.; SHULYAKOVSKAYA, N.S.; TSZIN' TSUY-IN [Chin TS'ui-ying]

Geochemistry of thallium, rubidium, and lithium in igneous processes (MIRA 15:4)

1. Department of Geochemistry of the Lomonosov State University, Moscow.
(Caucasus, Northern-Metals, Rare and minor) (Geochemistry)

Herewite, G.A., YEMPLINKO, R.F.; CHETYLKOVSKAYI, F.A.

Inception of organic acids on coals and siller gel. Vestsi AN

POUR.Sar.kbir.mav. no.2:103-105 465.

(MIRA 18:12)

EWI(d)/EEC(k)-2I. 24041-66 UR/0413/66/000/006/0140/0140 SOURCE CODE: AP6011279 ACC NRI Dionis'yev, A. I.; Shulyakovskiy, A. A.; Antonov, Yu. A. ORG: none TITLE: Receiver for a pulse-width telemetry system. No. 180117 SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 6, 1966, 140 TOPIC TAGS: telemetry, telemetry receiver, pulse width telemetry, capacitor, measuring capacitor, memory capacitor, transformer, diode, silicon diode pulse width telesatty receiver ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a receiver for a pulse-width telemetry system having a transformer, measuring and memory capacitors, and a leveling-circuit diode between the capacitors (see Fig. 1. Receiver for pulse-width telemetry system 1 - transformer; 2 - measuring capacitor; 3 - memory capacitor; 4 - leveling-circuit diode; 5 - silicon diode; 6 - neon tube; 7 - resistor UDC: 621.398 Card

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oltages isting ube is	of the s	a decrease in input secondary transforme ed parallel to the l	he measuring and memory -signal amplitude, a comment of the commen	and a neon while a diode
onnecte	ed parall	lel to the secondary has: 1 figure.	transformer winding a	[LB]
SUB CODI	E: 09/	SUBM DATE: 17Jun64		
	2 Slav			

SHULYAKOVSKIY, L.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nank; YEREMINA, V.I., inshener;

Method of predicting maximum levels of backwater. Meteor.i gidrol. no.1:46-51 Ja '52. (MIRA 8:9)

1. TSentral'nyy institut prognozov, Moskva i Novosibirskoye UGMS, Hovosibirsk.

(Stream measurements)

"Governous" of Winter Runding River Teas Tree Supplies 3, used Teas," [[.beerel. 1]]
311772-1774, Teas, 351 , 11 37-74

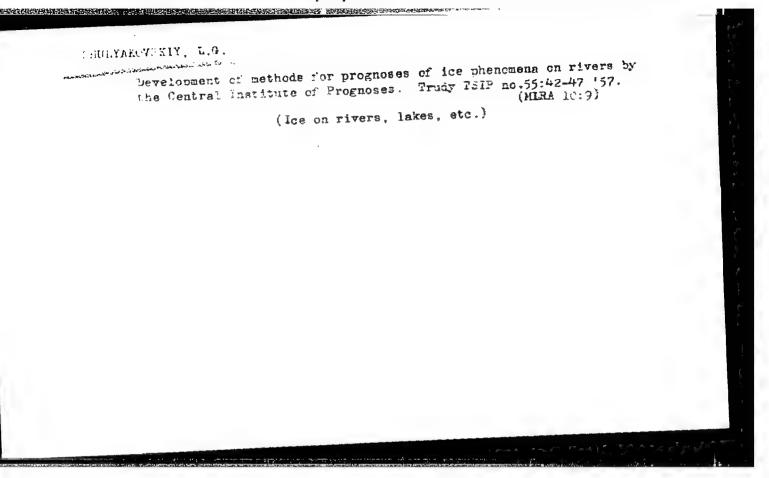
A method for computing the winter discharges of waters which is based upon the hydrolic principle of determining the coefficient $E = Q_3/Q_1$ is empounded. Proceeding from the fact that the movement of the current is leadless in medium and large rivers that to not frome in the thomas, the author propers to compute the winter dish right of that to not frome in the thomas, the author propers to compute the winter dish right of the Large scanned with the fourtheast rate of it into the coefficient (n_{pr}) of roughness (n_p) of rough as an the open always and loads surface of the ice cover, this is because of the river-sed and loads surface of the ice cover, this is because of the river-sed and loads surface of the ice cover, the coefficient (n_{pr}) of rough as af hours surface of ice cover, average do the tip coefficient (n_{pr}) to the coefficient (n_{pr}) of rough as af hours surface of ice cover, average death (n_{pr}) to the coefficient plants of rivers Channer Haluga and Bozh near loadel indicate that deriver 101 and replaced plants from a superscale in O(1) of the cases council exceed O(1).

HULYAKOVSKIY, L. G.

"Analysis of Start of Ice Formation on Rivers for Short-Range Forecasting". Tr. Tsentr. in-ta Prognozov, No 40, pp 39-55, 1955

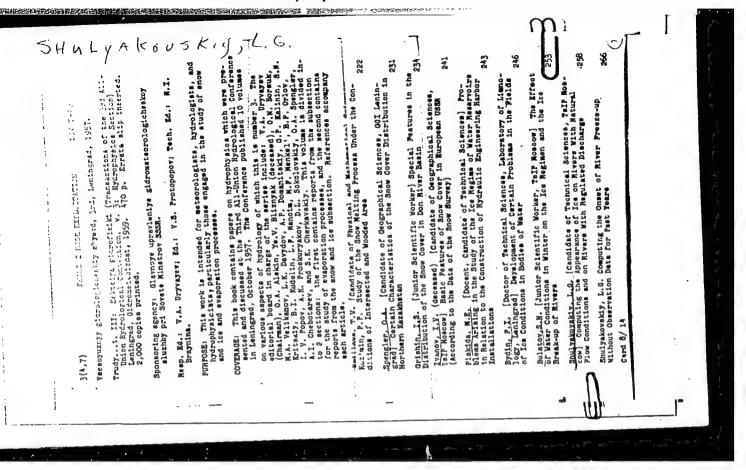
Freezing temperatures of rivers depend on morphometric and hydrological conditions fo the river bed, characterized by the water level. The ratio is established experimentally by condidering the lowest water level before ice formation. The application of such methods facilitates forcasting of ice appearance in rivers. (RZhFiz, No 9, 1955)

SO: Sum No 812, 6 F eb 1956



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550210009-8



SHULYAKOVSKIY, Lev Gertsovich; SAGATOVSKIY, N.V., otv.red.; KORNILENKO, V.S., red.; ZARKH, I.M., tekhn.red.

[Beginning of ice formation and freezing of rivers, lakes, and reservoirs; calculations for prognostic purposes] Poiavlenie l'da i nachalo ledostava na rekakh, ozerakh i vodokhranilishchakh; raschety dlia tselei prognozov. Moskva, Gidrometeor.izd-vo, 1960. 215 p.

(Ice on rivers, lakes, etc.)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550210009-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

SHULYAKOVSKIY, L.G.

Empirical relationships used in short-range forecasting of the appearance of ice on rivers. Trudy TSIP no.114:101-109 '61. (MIRA 14:10)

(Ice on rivers, lakes, etc.)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550210009-8

SHULLYAN, TU. L.

PA ZDZIIV

USSR/Mathematics - Operators

1 Nov 52

"Isometric Operators With Infinite Indexes of Defect and Their Orthogonal Extension," Yu. L. Shul'yan, Zhitomirsk State Ped Inst

DAN SSSR, Vol 87, No 1, pp 11-14

Generalizes a number of theorems of M. S. Livshits (DAN SSSR, Vol 58, No 1, 1948) on isometric operators with finite defect indexes and their orthogonal extensions to the case of infinite defect indices. The characteristic matrix function in connection with them is replaced by an operator function. Presented by Acad A. N. Kolmogorov 10 Sep 52.

252176

TOPCHIY, Spiridon Mikhaylovich, SHULYANSKIY, Grigoriy Fot'yevich; MIRONENKO, Anatoliy Fedorovich; SOKOLOV, L.P., red.; KRUGLOVA, Ye.M., red.izd-va; TIKHONOVA, Ye.A., tekhn.red.

[Movement control in the merchant marine] Organizatsiia dvizheniia morskogo flota. [By]S.M.Topchii, G.F.Shulianskii, A.F.Mironenko. Moskva, Izd-vo "Morskoi transport," 1962. 267 p. (MIRA 16:3)

(Merchant ships)

KHRISTOV, L.N.; BEZVERKHIY, G.S.; SHULYAPIN, I.Ya.

Hurry

Apparatus for cultivation of tissues in rotating test tubes. Vop. virus. 1 no.3:56-58 My-Je '56. (MIRA 10:1) (TISSUE CULTURE, apparatus and instruments, appara for cultivation of tissues in rotating test tubes (Rus))

SHULYARENKO, V.I.

Treatment of open forms of pulmonary tuberculosis during the summer in the Gastra region on southern shores of Crymea. Klin. med., Moskva 31 no.5: 39-45 May 1953. (CIML 25:1)

1. Of Yasnaya Polyana Tuberculosis Sanatorium.

SHULYATEV, M.I.

Selection of chucks for tube rolls, Bum.prom.31 no.12:22-23 D '56.
(MLRA 10:2)

1. Kaliningradskiy mekhanicheskiy zavod "Soyuzbummash." (Kaliningrad--Papermaking machinery)

32332 S/081/61/000/024/049/086 B107/B110

5 1310

Shulyatev, V. P.

TITLE:

AUTHOR:

Effect of additions on the electrodeposition of cobalt

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 24, 1961, 344, abstract 24K128 (Sb. nauchno-issled. rabot. Azovo-Chernomorsk. s.-kh. in-t, v. 19, 1961, 137 - 141)

TEXT: The author studied the polarization curves ϕ versus log i in the electrodeposition of cobalt from sulfuric acid solutions in the presence of various additions. It was found that anionic additions (thiourea, sodium naphthalene sulfonate, etc.) reduce the cathode potential while it is increased by cation-active additions (tribenzylamine). Also molecular additions produce effects on ϕ Co. This is related to the position of its zero point near which the polarization curves ϕ versus log i have a characteristic curvature. In a certain interval D a linear dependence between ϕ and log i is observed. The presence of additions changes the value of ϕ and the inclination. The opinion is expressed that the type of additions and the position of the zero point might be concluded from Card 1/2

32332 S/081/61/000/024/049/086 Effect of additions ... B107/B110 the polarization curves. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

SHULYATEV, V.V., inzhener.

Regulating the planning and lowering the cost of gas supply structures.

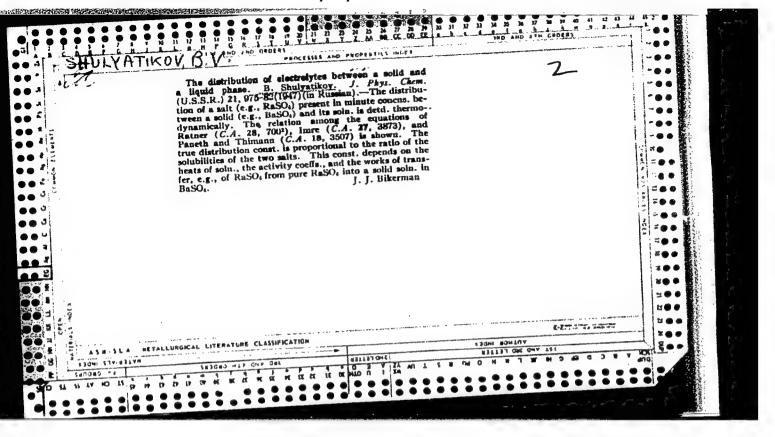
Biul.stroi.tekh. 10 no.17:3-5 D *53. (MLRA 7:1)

(Gas manufacture and works)

SHULYATEVA, I.D. SMORINA, T.M.; STEPANOVA, A.J.

Effect of resparations derived from some For Eastern and Siberian med cinal plants on the appetite of experimental animals. Mat. k izuch. zhen'. i drug. lek. rast. Dal'. Vost. no.5:253-256 '63. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Blagovistichenskiy meditsinskly institut.



SETTANT V. D. V.

Shulyatilev, B. V. - "On the problem of the distribution of electrolytes between solid and liquid phaces", Trudy Most. in-ta tonkoy khim. tell nologii in. Lomenosova, Issue 2, 1943, p. 9-19, - Bibliog: 8 items.

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letoris 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 8, 1949).

ACC NR: AP7001403

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/021/0082/0083

INVENTORS: Shulyatikov, B. V.; Davydova, N. B.; Artemova, D. I.; Basmanova, V. P.

ORG: none

TITLE: Vacuum mercury pump. Class 27, No. 187925

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 21, 1966, 82-83

TOPIC TAGS: pump, high pressure pump, morcury, compressible gas, gas compressor

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a vacuum mercury pump for transferring and circulating aggressive or rare gases. The pump is connected through a mercury valve to a forevacuum pump. It includes working cylinders provided with suction and exhaust valves, and auxiliary mercury containers. To produce gradual pumping and to insure a high degree of gas compression, the working cylinders are connected in series along the path of the gas being pumped, while the cylinders of the high vacuum stages are connected in parallel to an auxiliary container which is placed below their level. The auxiliary container of the low vacuum stage cylinder is equal to the cylinder in volume and is placed above its level by more than 760 mm (see Fig. 1). To automate the operation, a mercury valve is made in the form of two vessels connected by a vertical pipe and a spiral. The bottom part of the lower vessel is provided with two cylindrical cups of unequal diameters. The upper vessel carries a bent valve for regulating the return of mercury into the lower vessel through the 621.526 UDC: Card 1/2

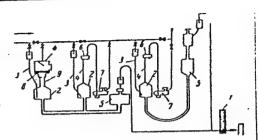
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

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ACC NRI

AP7001A03

Fig. 1. 1 - mercury duct; 2 - working cylinders; 3 - suction valves; 4 - exhaust valves; 5 - auxiliary containers; 6 - drop repellers; 7 - outflow hydraulic locks; 8 - diaphragm; 9 - tube with asymmetrically located openings for mercury



vertical tube. This valve periodically connects the mercury pump to the forevacuum pump and to the line of atmospheric air through the regulating valve. To eliminate the influence of atmospheric pressure changes on the work of the mercury valve, a bubbler with an adjustable mercury level is installed in the air line. The suction valves may be in the form of tubes with openings in their lower parts and submerged in mercury, while the exhaust valves are also tubular but contain drop repellers and outflow hydraulic locks. To increase the reliability, the exhaust valves are of a cylindrical, conical, or a similarly shaped diaphragm made of a porous material, such as stainless steel. This material should be permeable to gas but impervious to mercury. The space below the diaphragm is connected to the working cylindrical tube with asymmetrically located inlet and outlet openings for mercury. Orig. art. has: I figure.

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 15Jul65

Card 2/2

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology. The Effect of Physical Factors T-14

Abs Jour : Ref Khur - Biol., No 14, 1958, No 65846

的现在分词的现在分词 自己的人,我就是不是我的事情,我们还是我们的女子的对话,我们就是这个人,就是我们的人,不会是我们的时间,这个人的人,我们也不是是这种人的

: Shulyatikova A.Ya. Author

: Carbohydrate Metabolism in Amirals Treated with Polonium Tnst Title

Orig Pub : Tr. Vses. konferentsii po med. radiol. Eksperin. med. radiol.,

Moskve, Medgiz, 1957, 111-117

Abstract : Experiments were conducted on dogs and rats. When Po was injected intramuscularly in a dose of 0.1 millicurie/kg, the enimals died after 12 to 28 days; with a dose of 0.2 millicurie/kg, they died between the 7th and 10th day. Doses of 0.1 to 0.25 millicurie/kg given orally produced death within 6 to 12 months. When a polonium dose of 0.2 millicurie/kg was given to rats, glycogen disappeared from the liver and muscles 7 to 9 days later. No such sudden reduction was noted in the spleen and lungs. A sudden reduction in blood blycogen

was noted, beginning on the 5th day. The sugar level fell to

: 1/2 Card

153.

USSR/Human and Aminal Physiology. The Effect of Physical Factors T-14

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 14, 1958, No 65846

the lowest limit of normal. The content of lactic acid inereased noticeably toward the end of the animal's life. Inalogous changes in carbohydrate metabolism were observed with a dose of 0.1 millicurie/kg, but they had a somewhat later onset. In those animals which lived several months the changes in carbohydrate metabolism were wave-like in character.--R.S. Krivchenkova

Card : 2/2

POLIKARPOVA, L.I.; SHULYATIKOVA, A.Ya.

Chloride content of the blood of Rhesus monkeys under the influence of radiations. Med.rad. 6 no.3:79-80 161. (MIRA 14:5)

(RADIATION-PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (CHLORIDES)

ALEKSEYEVA, O.G.; BIBKOVA, A.F.; VYALOVA, N.A.; IVANOV, A.Ye.; KRAYEVSKIY,

N.A.; KURSHAKOV, N.A.; PARAMONOVA, N.V.; PETRUSHKOV, V.N.;

SNEGIREVA, V.V.; STUDENIKINA, L.A.; SHTUKKENBERG, Yu.M.;

SHULYATIKOVA, A.Ya.; LANDAU-TYLKINA, S.P., red.; YAKOVIEVA, N.A.,

tekhn. red.

[A case of acute radiation sickness in man]Sluchai ostroi luchevoi bolezni u cheloveka. Moskva, Medgiz, 1962. 149 p. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Kurashkov).

(RADIATION SICKNESS)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550210009-8

39558 S/205/62/002/003/004/015 1021/1221

27.2400

Polikarpova, L. I. and Shulyatikova, A. Ya.

TITLE:

AUTHOR:

Some changes in the carbohydrate metabolism in monkeys during acute radiation

sickness

Radiobiologiya, v. 2, no. 3, 1962, 390-394 PERIODICAL:

TEXT: The authors examined the levels of glucose, glycogen and lactic acid in bloods of Rhesus monkeys before and after irradiation with X-rays with a dose of 700 r. The mean level of glucose in normal monkeys was 97 mg% and of lactic acid 79 mg%. 24 hours after irradiation the level of lactic acid decreased to 48 mg% (mean value). The level of glucose remained unchanged during 3 days after irradiation. A gradual increase in the levels of glucose and lactic acid was noted 5-8 days after irradiation, the mean values being 259 mg% and 92mg% respectively. The levels of glycogen in blood remained unchanged during the first 3 days after irradiation (17 mg%). This level decreased subsequently. There are 4 tables.

SUBMITTED:

October 16, 1961

Card 1/1

BABAYANTS, R.S.; BLAGOVESHCHENSKAYA, V.V.; VERGILESOVA, O.S.; VISSONOV, Yu.V.; VYALOVA, N.A.; GLAZUNOV, I.S.; ERUTMAN, R.D.: KIEMPARSKAYA, N.N.; KOTOVA, E.S.; KURSHAKOV, N.A., prof.; LAR CHEVA, L.P.; LYSKOVA, M.N.; MAIYSHEVA, M.S.; PETUSHKOV, V.N.; RYNKOVA, N.N.; SOKOLOVA, I.I.; STUDENIKINA, L.A.; CHUSOVA, V.N.; SHESTIKHINA, O.N.; SHULYATIKOVA, A.Ya.; SHTUKKENBERG, Yu.M.; BARANOVA, Ye.F., red.

[Acute radiation lesion in man] Ostrala radiatsionnala travma u cheloveka. Moskva, Meditsina, 1965. 313 p. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Kurshakev).

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550210009-8 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

EWT (m) SOURCE CODE: J-39091**-**66 AP6022880 ACC NR

UR/0186/66/008/002/0226/0232

Vladimirova, M. V.; Kulikov, I. A.; Shulyatikova, L. G. AUTHOR:

TITLE: Alpha- and beta-radiolysis of aqueous solutions of light and heavy water

SOURCE: Radiokhimiya, v. 8, no. 2, 1966, 226-232

TOPIC TAGS: alpha radiation, beta radiation, heavy water, radiation effect

ABSTRACT: The effect of various substances on the yield of hydrogen formed under the influence of a radiation (emitted by dissolved polonium) and β radiation (emitted by dissolved tritium) in ordinary and heavy water (D₂0) containing 3 x 10⁻³ M Fe²⁺ was studied. The criterion of capture of H and D radicals was the value of the initial hydrogen yield. The yields of radical products of radiolysis, obtained from the dependence of the oxidation of iron on the absorbed energy, showed the presence of a considerable isotope effect. The influence of the hydrogen radical acceptors NO_3^- , and UO_2^{-1} on the hydrogen and deuterium yields in the α and β radiolysis of light water and a radiolysis of heavy water was determined. It was found that the decrease of H2 yield is different in these two media. This is due to the difference in the radii of the Gaussian distribution of the H and D radicals, and also to the difference in the rate constants of the reactions between the radicals and the accep-Orig. art. has: 5 figures, 3 tables, and 9 formulas. OTH REF: 010

SUBM, DATE: 23Nov64/ ORIG REF: 005/ SUB CODE: 07/

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550210009-8"

UR/0089/66/020/006/0509/0510 IJP(c) EWT (m) SOURCE CODE: 06994-67 ACC NR: AP6021527

Vladimirova, M. V.; Batalov, A. A.; Kulikov, I. A.; Shulyatikova, L.

AUTHOR: ORG: none

TITLE: New method of chemical dosimetry of reactor radiation

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 20, no. 6, 1966, 509-510 TOPIC TAGS: water cooled nuclear reactor, reactor neutron flux, hydrogen, iron,

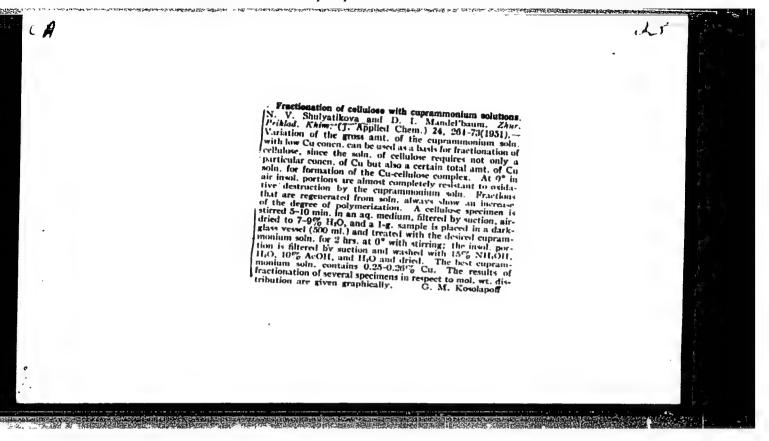
radiation detector/ VVR reactor

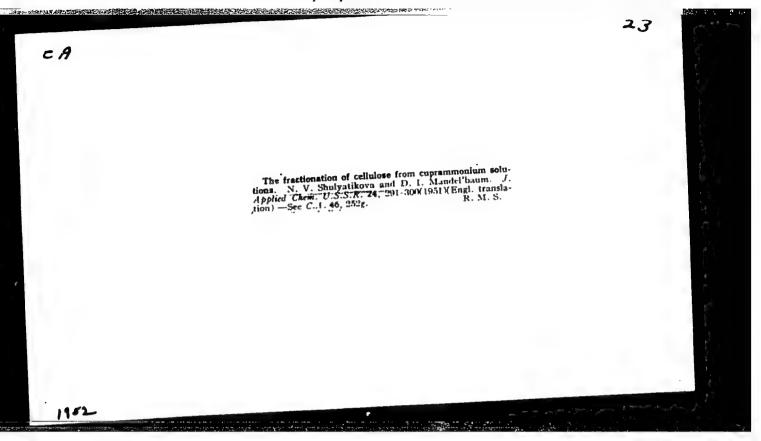
ABSTRACT: This is an abstract of paper no. 85/3450 submitted to the editor and filed, but not published. On the basis of experimental data on the yield of H2 and Fe3+ for different radiators, the authors have established relations between this yield and the linear energy transfer of the recoil γ quanta and protons in mixed fluxes of fast neutrons and γ quanta. The dosimetry procedure described is based on determining, following equal irradiation time in the reactor, the concentration of the hydrogen and trivalent iron in two solutions. One solution is gas-free H2SO4 (0.8 N), and the other is the same liquid but saturated with oxygen and mixed with FeSO4. Previously obtained plots of the hydrogen yield against the ratio of the yields and concentrations of H₂ and Fe³⁺ (Atomnaya energiya v. 17, 222, 1964) make it possible to determine the hydrogen yield for the mixed radiation, and then to calculate the absorbed energy and from it finally the rate of oxidation of iron. The procedure was tested for a mixed stream of α particles from Po²¹⁰ and β particles from H³ and used for

1/2 Card

539.12.04 UDC:

06994-67 C NR: AP6021527 simetric measurements in the channels of the VVR reactor. A formula for the resimetric measurements in the channels of the vvR reactor. The proposed method for the proposed	otio
simetric measurements in the channels of the van reactor. The proposed method for the γ and neutron doses in the reactor is obtained. The proposed method for the γ and neutron doses in the reactor is obtained. The proposed method for the γ and γ and γ are the range γ and γ are the range γ and γ are the range γ and γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ and γ are γ are γ are γ and γ are γ are γ and γ are γ a	
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ard 2/2 XC	





- 1. ROGOVIN, W. A.: SHULYATIKOVA, N. V.: MANDEL'BAUM, D. I.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Cellulose
- 7. Relationship between reactivity and solubility of cellulose preparations. Koll. zhur. 14 no. 6, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953. Unclassified.

HUL: ATNIKEVA, N.V.

USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Synthetic fibers, I-24

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6329

Author: Yashunskaya, A. G., Shulyatnikova, N. V.

Institution: All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Synthetic Fibers

Title: Acid Treatment of Viscose Cellulose

Original

Nauch.-issled. tr. Vses. n.-i. in-t iskusstv. volokna, 1955, No 2, Fublication:

20-25

Abstract: Treatment of viscose cellulose with dilute solution of HCl, while

heating, results in an improvement of cellulose reactivity, as concerns viscose formation, but is associated with a lowering of alphacellulose content. On treatment with HCl solution (1.8 g/liter, 700), after 2-3 hours the reactivity is increased from 130/11 to 90/11-70/11, and after 5-6 hours to 70/11-50/11. At the same time viscosity of the cellulose is decreased by 36-63 mpoise, the degree

of polymerization (DP) by 200-300, alpha-cellulose content by

Card 1/2

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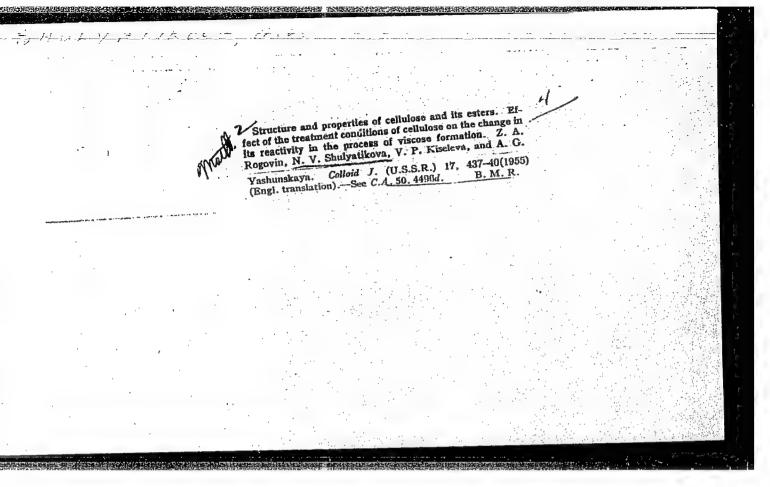
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

. USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Synthetic fibers, I-24

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6329

Abstract: 2.0-2.9%. Samples of cellulose subjected to acid treatment after cocking or chlorination, or bleaching, are more reactive than control samples. Comparative data on cellulose degradation in acid and in alkaline media, reveal that in both instances a decrease in DP, from 863 to 492-579, occurs, but a substantial improvement in reactivity (from 110/11 to 50/11) is observed only after the acid treatment.

Card 2/2



ROGOVIN, Z.A.; SHULYATIKOVA, N.V.; KISELEVA, V.P.; YASHUNSKAYA, A.G.

Effect of conditions for processing cellulose on its reactivity in viscose formation. Koll. shur.17 no.6:452-455 N-D '55.

(MLRA 9:4)

l. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna, Laboratoriya tsellyulozy.

(Cellulose)

USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Synthetic fibers, I-24

1.00

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6334

Author: Rogovin, Z. A., Shulyatikova, N. V., Gorodetskaya, L. A.

Institution: None

Title: Forming of Fibers from Viscose Solutions Produced from Cellulose Xanthogenate of a Low Degree of Esterification

Original

Publication: Tekstil'naya prom-st', 1956, No 7, 18-22

Abstract: To obtain viscose solutions of normal filterability, on utilizing cellulose xanthogenate of low degree of esterification, the coefficient of alkali cellulose depression had to be 2.5-2.65, and temperature of xanthogenate dissolution was lowered to 0-4°. With equal indices of ripening, viscose solutions prepared by dissolution of low ester xanthogenates contain xanthogenate of lower?

than is usual, which is due to a decreased content of thiocarbonates in the viscose. Fibers of good mechanical properties can be

Card 1/2

USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Synthetic fibers, I-24

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6334

Abstract: Obtained from such solutions of viscose on forming the fiber in a spinning bath containing H₂SO₁, 88-105 g/liter, Na₂SO₄, 260-270 g/liter, ZnSO₁, 35-45 g/liter, at 45°; ripeness of spinning solutions 9-10 cm³ NH₁Cl.

Card 2/2

SHULYATIKOVA N.V. KISELEVA, V.P.

Use of cotton cellulose for the preparation of viscose fiber. Khim.volok. no.1:27-29 '59. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna.
(Cellulose) (Rayon)

MANDEL BAUM, D.I.; KONKIN, A.A.; SHULYATIKOVA, N.V.

。 1915年,1915年,1915年,1916年

Effect of polydisperse state of cellulose on the physical and mechanical properties of viscose fiber. Part 2. Khim. volok. no.2:35-40 '59. (MIRA 12:9)

l. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna.
(Cellulose) (Rayon)

KONKIN, A.A.; RYMASHEVSKAYA, Yu.A.; SHULYATIKOVA, N.V.

Chemical heterogeneity of cellulose xanthates. Khim.volok. no.4: 23-26 '60. (MIRA-13:10)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna.

(Cellulose xanthate)